

**1,4-Bis(pyrimidin-2-ylsulfanyl)butane**

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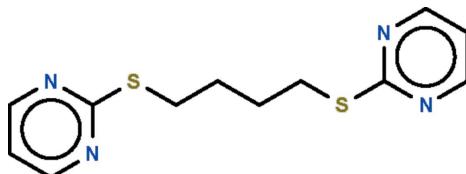
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 293\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003\text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.036;  $wR$  factor = 0.115; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.6.

The  $-\text{SCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{S}-$  portion of the title compound,  $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2\text{S}_2$ , adopts an extended zigzag conformation. The angles at the tetrahedral carbon atoms are marginally increased [113.63 (12) $^\circ$  and 111.38 (17) $^\circ$  for  $\text{S}-\text{C}-\text{C}$  and  $\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{C}$  respectively] from the idealized tetrahedral angle. The molecule lies on an inversion center located at the midpoint of the butyl chain. In the crystal, there is a  $\pi-\pi$  stacking interaction between inversion-related pyrimidine rings with mean interplanar spacing of 3.494 (2)  $\text{\AA}$ .

**Related literature**

For the structure of a silver perchlorate adduct of the title compound see: Wang & Zheng (2007).

**Experimental***Crystal data*

$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2\text{S}_2$	$\gamma = 75.853 (1)^\circ$
$M_r = 278.39$	$V = 341.03 (1)\text{ \AA}^3$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$Z = 1$
$a = 5.5025 (1)\text{ \AA}$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$b = 7.6617 (1)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.38\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 8.3598 (2)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 293\text{ K}$
$\alpha = 86.915 (1)^\circ$	$0.35 \times 0.20 \times 0.10\text{ mm}$
$\beta = 87.253 (1)^\circ$	

*Data collection*

Bruker Kappa APEXII	5571 measured reflections
diffractometer	1524 independent reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan	1384 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
( <i>SADABS</i> ; Sheldrick, 1996)	
$T_{\min} = 0.849$ , $T_{\max} = 1.000$	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.025$

*Refinement*

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.036$	82 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.115$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.05$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.23\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
1524 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.23\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *X-SEED* (Barbour, 2001); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: PK2276).

**References**

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## **supplementary materials**

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## 1,4-Bis(pyrimidin-2-ylsulfanyl)butane

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### Comment

The bis(arylthio)alkane ligands are excellent 'flexible' ligands for binding to silver(I) compounds. The title ligand (Scheme I) has been used in the synthesis of a silver perchlorate adduct; the ligand binds through its nitrogen donor sites (Wang & Zheng, 2007). The ligand itself exists as a centrosymmetric compound (Fig. 1) with an inversion center located at the mid-point of the butyl chain. The  $-\text{SCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{S}-$  portion of the molecule of  $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2\text{S}_2$  adopts an extended zigzag conformation, and the angles at the tetrahedral C atoms are marginally increased from the idealized  $109.5^\circ$  ( $113.62(12)^\circ$  and  $111.38(17)^\circ$  for S—C—C and C—C—C respectively).

### Experimental

To the ethanol mixture (50 ml) of 2-mercaptopurine (2 g, 17.8 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (1.8 g, 21.4 mmol) was added 1,4-dichlorobutane (1.13 g, 8.92 mmol). The mixture was heated for 6 h and the progress of the reaction was monitored by TLC (chloroform: ethyl acetate 9:1). The mixture was filtered and the solvent was allowed to evaporate. The colorless crystals that were isolated were collected and washed with hexane; yield 82%.

### Refinement

Carbon-bound H-atoms were placed in calculated positions (C—H 0.93 to 0.97 Å) and were included in the refinement in the riding model approximation, with  $U(\text{H})$  set to  $1.2U(\text{C})$ .

### Figures

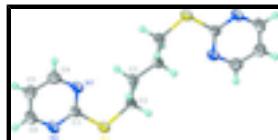


Fig. 1. Thermal ellipsoid plot (Barbour, 2001) of  $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2\text{S}_2$  at the 50% probability level; hydrogen atoms are drawn as spheres of arbitrary radius. The molecule lies about a center-of-inversion.

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### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2\text{S}_2$	$Z = 1$
$M_r = 278.39$	$F(000) = 146$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$D_x = 1.356 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Hall symbol: -P 1	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
$a = 5.5025(1) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 3569 reflections
$b = 7.6617(1) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.4\text{--}28.3^\circ$

# supplementary materials

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$c = 8.3598 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.38 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\alpha = 86.915 (1)^\circ$	$T = 293 \text{ K}$
$\beta = 87.253 (1)^\circ$	Prism, pale yellow
$\gamma = 75.853 (1)^\circ$	$0.35 \times 0.20 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$
$V = 341.03 (1) \text{ \AA}^3$	

## Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII diffractometer	1524 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite	1384 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Detector resolution: 0 pixels $\text{mm}^{-1}$	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.025$
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^\circ, \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.7^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan ( <i>SADABS</i> ; Sheldrick, 1996)	$h = -7 \rightarrow 7$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.849, T_{\text{max}} = 1.000$	$k = -9 \rightarrow 9$
5571 measured reflections	$l = -10 \rightarrow 10$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.036$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.115$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.05$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0684P)^2 + 0.0791P]$
1524 reflections	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
82 parameters	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.23 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.23 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

## Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	0.00757 (8)	0.83807 (5)	0.36197 (5)	0.0497 (2)
N1	0.2131 (3)	0.68013 (19)	0.09155 (18)	0.0464 (3)
N2	-0.2078 (3)	0.8589 (2)	0.09199 (19)	0.0505 (4)
C1	0.3698 (3)	0.5370 (2)	0.46719 (19)	0.0437 (4)
H1A	0.3522	0.4713	0.3742	0.052*
H1B	0.2444	0.5191	0.5479	0.052*
C2	0.3247 (3)	0.7362 (2)	0.4204 (2)	0.0469 (4)
H2A	0.4395	0.7516	0.3321	0.056*
H2B	0.3622	0.7989	0.5103	0.056*
C3	0.0099 (3)	0.78350 (19)	0.16033 (19)	0.0396 (3)
C4	0.1936 (3)	0.6518 (3)	-0.0632 (2)	0.0533 (4)
H4	0.3305	0.5800	-0.1171	0.064*

C5	-0.0195 (4)	0.7241 (3)	-0.1458 (2)	0.0541 (4)
H5	-0.0289	0.7042	-0.2539	0.065*
C6	-0.2187 (3)	0.8274 (3)	-0.0615 (2)	0.0539 (4)
H6	-0.3667	0.8770	-0.1140	0.065*

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
S1	0.0475 (3)	0.0499 (3)	0.0434 (3)	0.00536 (19)	-0.00486 (18)	-0.00421 (18)
N1	0.0412 (7)	0.0462 (7)	0.0472 (8)	-0.0017 (6)	-0.0016 (6)	-0.0023 (6)
N2	0.0391 (7)	0.0549 (8)	0.0517 (9)	0.0004 (6)	-0.0063 (6)	-0.0012 (6)
C1	0.0419 (8)	0.0443 (8)	0.0420 (8)	-0.0037 (6)	-0.0078 (7)	-0.0004 (6)
C2	0.0467 (8)	0.0440 (8)	0.0470 (9)	-0.0035 (7)	-0.0116 (7)	-0.0020 (7)
C3	0.0384 (7)	0.0352 (7)	0.0428 (8)	-0.0048 (6)	-0.0032 (6)	0.0013 (6)
C4	0.0500 (10)	0.0566 (10)	0.0485 (10)	-0.0038 (8)	0.0045 (7)	-0.0067 (8)
C5	0.0603 (11)	0.0596 (10)	0.0419 (9)	-0.0130 (8)	-0.0047 (8)	-0.0021 (7)
C6	0.0474 (9)	0.0605 (10)	0.0514 (10)	-0.0075 (8)	-0.0134 (8)	0.0033 (8)

*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )*

S1—C3	1.7571 (17)	C1—H1B	0.9700
S1—C2	1.8076 (16)	C2—H2A	0.9700
N1—C3	1.328 (2)	C2—H2B	0.9700
N1—C4	1.337 (2)	C4—C5	1.370 (3)
N2—C6	1.325 (2)	C4—H4	0.9300
N2—C3	1.337 (2)	C5—C6	1.374 (3)
C1—C2	1.517 (2)	C5—H5	0.9300
C1—C1 <sup>i</sup>	1.524 (3)	C6—H6	0.9300
C1—H1A	0.9700		
C3—S1—C2	103.41 (8)	H2A—C2—H2B	107.7
C3—N1—C4	115.09 (14)	N1—C3—N2	127.07 (15)
C6—N2—C3	115.78 (15)	N1—C3—S1	120.73 (12)
C2—C1—C1 <sup>i</sup>	111.38 (17)	N2—C3—S1	112.20 (12)
C2—C1—H1A	109.4	N1—C4—C5	122.81 (16)
C1 <sup>i</sup> —C1—H1A	109.4	N1—C4—H4	118.6
C2—C1—H1B	109.4	C5—C4—H4	118.6
C1 <sup>i</sup> —C1—H1B	109.4	C4—C5—C6	116.83 (17)
H1A—C1—H1B	108.0	C4—C5—H5	121.6
C1—C2—S1	113.63 (12)	C6—C5—H5	121.6
C1—C2—H2A	108.8	N2—C6—C5	122.41 (16)
S1—C2—H2A	108.8	N2—C6—H6	118.8
C1—C2—H2B	108.8	C5—C6—H6	118.8
S1—C2—H2B	108.8		
C1 <sup>i</sup> —C1—C2—S1	-173.69 (15)	C2—S1—C3—N1	3.47 (15)
C3—S1—C2—C1	-82.52 (14)	C2—S1—C3—N2	-175.76 (12)
C4—N1—C3—N2	0.6 (3)	C3—N1—C4—C5	0.2 (3)
C4—N1—C3—S1	-178.46 (12)	N1—C4—C5—C6	-0.8 (3)

## **supplementary materials**

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C6—N2—C3—N1	−0.7 (3)	C3—N2—C6—C5	−0.1 (3)
C6—N2—C3—S1	178.47 (13)	C4—C5—C6—N2	0.8 (3)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$ .

Fig. 1

